# SOIL FUMIGATION

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MANAGEMENT SHORT COURSE
SEPTEMBER 2, 2008



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WHERE ARE WE TODAY?

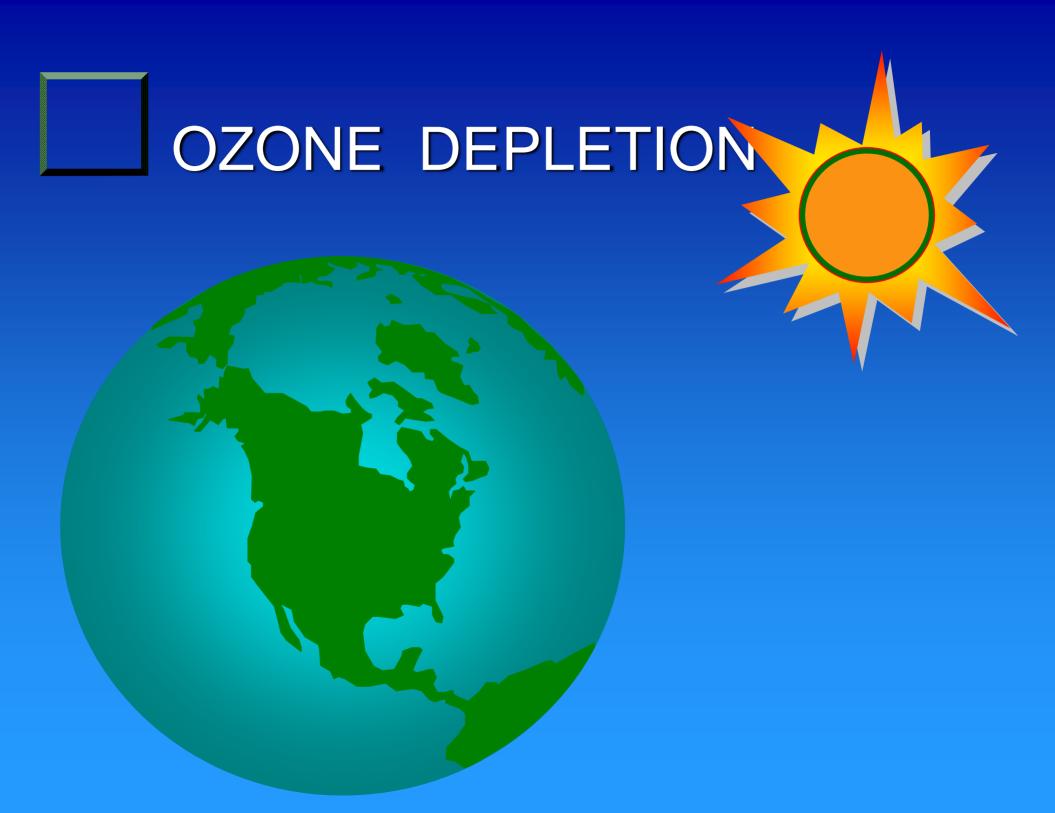
July 19, 2001



#### METHYL BROMIDE

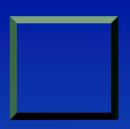
- Wide spectrum organic biocide
- ■Selective (Tricoderma populations increase after fumigation)
- Low problems with resistance management
- Not carcinogenic
- Does not pollute ground water
- Produced by nature
  - f Algae in oceans
  - f Salt marshes
  - f Ecotmycorhizza in forest
  - f Cole crops
- Long history of worker safety





## Potential Alternatives

- Cricket Litter
- Steam
- Hot Water
- ■1,3 Dichloropropene (Telone)
- Chloropicrin
- Sodium and Potassium Azide
- Propragil Bromide
- Methyl lodide
- Metham Sodium
- Solarization
- Flooding
- Organic Amendments



# LABELED ALTERNATIVE FUMIGANTS

- ■1,3 DICHLOROPROPENE (TELONE)
- -METHAM SODIUM
- CHLOROPICRIN
- BASAMID

# TELONE

- BUFFER ZONES
- WORKER PROTECTION
- LACK OF WEED CONTROL
- **-21 DAY OR LONGER WAITING PERIOD**
- •LACK OF ADEQUATE HERBICIDE PARTNERS

# METHAM SODIUM

- SLOW APPLICATION
- -HIGH VOLUME
- WEAK NEMATICIDE
- PHYTOTOXIC TO PINES
- **-**CORROSIVE TO EQUIPMENT
- -NEEDS TO BE TARPED
- EXTENDED WAITING PERIOD
- NEEDS CO-APPLICATION WITH TELONE OR CHLOROPICRIN



# METHAM SODIUM



## CHLOROPICRIN

f LACK OF WEED CONTROL

f ODOR
f COST







- NARROW APPLICATION WINDOW
- ■7 DAY WATERING PROTOCOL
- LACK OF NUTSEDGE CONTROL
- WEAK NEMATICIDE
- SPEED OF APPLICATION
- HANDLING OF BAGS
- REPORTS OF COLLATERAL DAMAGE TO ADJACENT CROPS
- COST

# NON-LABELED ALTERNATIVES

- •METHYL IODIDE
  - f AT LEAST 3 YEARS TO REGISTER
  - f APPARENTLY PHYTOTOXIC TO PRUNUS
  - f UNKNOWN COST





# SUMMARY

- NO NEW REGISTERED COMPOUNDS
- -ALL ALTERNATIVES REQUIRE COCKTAIL MIXTURES
- -ALL ALTERNATIVES INCREASE PESTICIDE LOADING
- -ALTERNATIVES COST MORE THAN MB FOR LESS CONTROL
- -EXTENDED WAITING PERIODS
- REQUIRE TIGHTER APPLICATION WINDOWS



 QPS / CUE
 f QUARANTINE AND PRE-SHIPMENT
 f CRITICAL USE EXEMPTION

# SOIL FUMIGATION

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### HOW BAD IS METHYL BROMIDE?

- POMBO HEARINGS
  - -99.6% OF TOTAL MB IS NATURAL
  - -0.4% IS MAN MADE
  - -OTHER ESTIMATES LESS THAN 1% MAN MADE
- OZONE DEPLETION POTENTIAL DOWN TO 0.4

#### SOIL FUMIGATION

- CHEMICAL CONTROL STRATEGY USED TO REDUCE POPULATIONS OF SOIL ORGANISMS
  - -NEMATODES
  - -FUNGI
  - -BACTERIA
  - -INSECTS
  - -WEED SEED
  - -WEEDS

#### SOIL FUMIGATION USES

- AGRICULTURE
- ORCHARDS
- •NURSERIES
- ORNAMENTAL BEDDING
- •FOREST SYSTEMS
- WILD FLOWER PROJECTS
- **GOLF COURSES**
- **-ATHLETIC FIELDS**
- **WHITE HOUSE LAWN**

#### SOIL FUMIGATION

Solid Tarp

Greenhouse

Row or Bed

Potting Mix

Raised Tarp

Replanting OrchardSites

Soil Preparation

- Soil Preparation
- Soil Temperature

- Soil Preparation
- Soil Temperature
- Soil Moisture

- Soil Preparation
- Soil Temperature
- Soil Moisture
- Fumigant

- Soil Preparation
- Injection Depth

- Soil Temperature
- Soil Moisture
- Fumigant

- Soil Preparation
- Injection Depth
- Soil Temperature
- Sealing

- Soil Moisture
- Fumigant

- Soil Preparation
- Injection Depth

- Soil Temperature
- Sealing

Soil Moisture

Soil Aeration

Fumigant

Soil Preparation

Injection Depth

- Soil Temperature
- Sealing

Soil Moisture

Soil Aeration

Fumigant

Waiting Period

#### FUMIGATION SAFETY

Characteristics of Methyl Bromide and Chloropicrin

Potential Hazards

Prevention / Protection

First Aid / Emergency Response

## METHYL BROMDE

- Naturally occurring molecule
- Non-flammable
- Boils at 38.5 degrees F
- ■3.27 times heavier than air
- Practically insoluble
- Odorless and Colorless

# METHYL BROMIDE

# METHYL BROMIDE TOXICITY RESPIRATORY TRACT

- Symptoms: Dizziness, Headache, Nausea, and Vomiting
- Lung Edema
- Cardiac Irregularities
- Possible Death
- Symptoms Can Be Delayed

# DANGER

This product contains CHLOROPICRIN as a warning odorant. Chloropicrin may be irritating to the upper respiratory tract, and may cause painful irritation to the eyes, producing watering. If the symptoms occur, leave the fumigation area immediately.

# **CHLOROPICRIN**

- Lachrymator
- •5.7 times heavier than air
- Colorless
- Respiratory Irritant
- ■TLV-0.1 ppm
- Liquid

#### USE THE CORRECT FUMIGANT

98-2 CHLOROPICRIN 50

75-25

??

80-20

CHLOROPICRIN 100

67-33

# SAFETY MEASURES TO AVOID RESPIRATORY INJURY

- Begin Application on the Downwind Side of Field
- Pressure Check All Plumbing on Tractor With Nitrogen
- Repair Any Rips or Holes in Plastic Promptly
- Never Install Fumigation Plumbing Inside Enclosed Tractor Cab
- Replace Worn Chisels

#### PRACTICAL TREATMENT

- IF INHALED
- Fresh Air Stay Warm Artificial Respiration IF ON SKIN
- Remove Clothing Wash With Soap and Water IF IN EYES

Flush At Least 15 Minutes With Water

Go to a doctor or emergency treatment facility as soon as possible!

# Methyl Bromide and Chloropicrin REDs

July 9, 2008

"Incidents for the soil fumigants generally occur at a low frequency relative to the total number of fumigant applications performed annually."

# Risk Mitigation: Economics

"The trade off to growers, however, will be some combination of more trips to fumigate the field, use of more expensive high barrier film, delays in planting due to longer fumigation operations, and more trips to the field for planting and other operations if fumigating in smaller blocks results in staggered operations. Some of these costs could be substantial."

Biological and Economic Analysis Division (BEAD) EPA, June 24, 2008

### Effect of Buffer Zones



#### Risk Mitigation: What needs to be done?

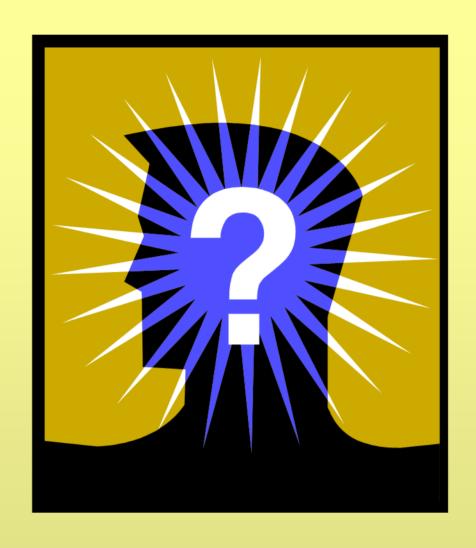
- Mitigation Rules are Final.
- Comment Period 'implementation of rules"
- Only Congress can affect EPA
- Outline the economic & dollar effects of these <u>Mitigation Rules</u> on the production of your crops and business.
- Contact: Senators, Representatives,
   Commissioner of Ag, Governor, USDA
- Contact Steve Johnson, EPA and Comment to him, the docket, and Congress

#### FINAL POINTS

- EPA must balance risk with benefits
- Soil fumigants provide great benefits with a history of low risk of occupational or bystander exposure as pointed out by EPA in the RED
- Unfunded Mandate to State Department of Agriculture for Compliance
- New cost to Registrants to develop, implement, and conduct training programs
- Environmental factors not taken into account (Fumigation Window)
- The complication, cost, scheduling, notification, FMP, written permission from adjacent landowners or right-of-way administrators, evacuation of houses, respiratory protection, and especially Community Outreach will eliminate soil fumigation by growers and drive domestic fruit and vegetable production offshore.
- Food safety will become a major issue.

## What can you do?

- Write an e-mail to the EPA Administrator asking that the EPA withdraw the Soil Fumigant RED because it is not a workable solution and began an outreach to Growers, Registrants, Fumigators, Depts. of Ag, and University Researchers for the good of our nation. Explain how this will affect your "family farm" and community.
- Phone EPA.
- Copy FDACS, USDA, Congressmen, Fla Farm Bureau
- Phone each of the above
- Comment on the docket and copy everyone via E-mail.
- E-mail your Congressman and Senator and call. Talk to the Ag Aid and let them know the long term implications.



# QUESTIONS?